The South-Carolina Gazette.

[N°. 2052] TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1775.

Charles Town: Printed by PETER TIMOTHY, Printer to the Honourable the Commons House of Assembly.

LONDON.

THE armourers in the tower work fixteen hours in (the room of twelve) by order of the Board of Ordnance.

General Washington, who was lately appointed General-iſſimo over the provincials, has refuſed any ſalary, and is to attend to the hazardous duty allotted him from principle only. A moſt noble example, and worthy of imitation in Great-Britain, particularly at this time; for if there were a few diſintereſted patriots, like Waſhington, the ſupplies of the Mother Country would ſoon leſſen the national debt, without any requiſition from the Colonies.

Some capital impeachments are already ſpoken of as a certainty, preſently after the meeting of a certain auguſt aſſembly.

Some perſons who are ſhortly expected from America, 'tis whiſpered, will never hold any poſt under government again.

As every Rebel, who is taken priſoner, has encurred the pain of death by the law martial, it is ſaid that government will charter ſeveral tranſports, after their arrival at Boſton, to carry the culprits to the Eaſt Indies for the Company's ſervice, as it is the intention of government only to puniſh the ringleaders and commanders *capitally*, and to ſuffer the inferior Rebels to redeem their lives by entering into the Eaſt-India Company's ſervice. This tranſlation will only render them more uſeful ſubjects than in their native country. [*How theſe traitors arrogantly preſume upon the execution of their ſchemes of villany, as if they poſſeſſed a real omnipotence, and could command future events.*

Eight men of war, from forty to fifty guns each, are ordered for the American ſtation; ſome ſhips now there being ordered home, as too large for the ſervice.

Orders are iſſued for all the officers belonging to the artillery companies at Portſmouth and Plymouth to join their reſpective corps with all expedition.

It is whiſpered, that government has offered five thouſand pounds to any perſon or perſons who will bring General Putnam's head; this has been privately communicated to moſt of the royaliſts in and about Boſton, who could be confided in.

A bill will be brought into the Houſe to enable the Roman Catholics to bear arms, to defend Ireland during the abſence of our troops.

The principal motives aſſigned for the unexpected and unprecedented early meeting of Parliament, are the following:—To grant money for the purpoſe of raiſing and paying new levies: To authorize his Majeſty, in caſe of neceſſity, to take 16,000 Hanoverians into pay: To grant money and keep in pay one half of the militia throughout England; and in caſe the Americans ſhould ſhew a diſpoſition to return to their duty, to conſult Parliament on the conditions proper to be granted them.

There has been a muſter of the three regiments of guards on the parade in St. James's Park, when upwards of ſixty men offered themſelves as volunteers to go to America, and they were immediately draughted into a marching regiment for that purpoſe, with great promiſes of preferment.

Orders are given for the cruizers on the American ſtation to take all ſhips, of what nation ſoever, which are found within a certain diſtance of the ports there, which are now ſhut up.

The Right Hon. the Earl of Chatham lies dangerouſly ill at his ſeat at Hays. The gout has left his Lordſhip ſome time, and was ſucceeded by a diſorder of the nature of a tertian ague, and from that it is now thought, by his very great weakneſs of body, that a complication of diſorders has enſued, which makes his recovery at this time very doubtful.

The Dutch have been as unſucceſsful this year in their whale fiſhery as any of their neighbours, as out of 400 tons of ſhipping already returned, above half are come clean, not having taken any thing.

Moſt of the printers of the London papers have been ſerved with notices, that the Attorney-General has filed informations EX OFFICIO againſt them. The ſubject matter of theſe proſecutions is not yet known, but it is imagined the foundation of them is the advertiſement from the Conſtitutional Society.

We can give it to the public on ſome degree of authority, that if there will not be a ſpeedy change in the miniſtry, it is expected there will be in that of a Premier; as a Great Perſonage and Lord North have had ſeveral conferences on two points relative to America, which they could not agree in; in conſequence of which the latter was not ſummoned to the laſt Cabinet Council.

Two naval officers are ſaid to be on their way home from America, accuſed of having allowed ſome ſhips loaded with ammunition and warlike ſtores to get into the American harbours; and it is even alledged, that ſome doceurs were given the officers for that purpoſe.

Wedneſday ſome ſtands of ſmall arms, and powder and ball, were ſhipped on board the Mary tranſport at the Tower, for Quebec, and yeſterday morning ſhe ſailed on her voyage.

WILLIAM JONES, of Ediſto, informs me of a grey natural pacing GELDING, near 14 Hands high, about ten Years old, branded on the mounting Shoulder 14.

VALANTINE CRONICH, of a Flea-bitten MARE, 13 Hands high, and about twelve Years old, branded on the mounting Shoulder and Buttock SN.

FREDERICK KNODEL, of a bay MARE, 14 Hands high, and about five or ſix Years old, a Trotter, and branded on the off Shoulder FK.

The Owners of the above Strays muſt prove their Property at Orangeburgh, before

LEWIS GOLSAN, J. P.

IN CONGRESS.

Charles-Town, November 23, 1775.

PERSONS willing to ſupply the REGIMENT of ARTILLERY in the Service of this Colony, with Proviſions, at THREE SHILLINGS a Man per Day, are deſired to give in their Propoſals of Quantities and Quality, ſealed up, to

PETER TIMOTHY, *Secretary.*

ENGINEERS, before they can determine the Angle of Elevation or Depreſſion, to hit any Object, with a Ball, Bomb, &c. from any Piece of Artillery, muſt firſt aſcertain the Object's Diſtance, which by the common Methods is too tedious, and ſometimes impracticable, eſpecially in the Time of Action, when the Object is continually changing its place.

A new and expeditious Method of determining diſtances, by a very ſimple Inſtrument, conſtructed upon geometrical Principles, has been diſcovered, by which the neareſt Diſtance to any viſible Object may be found, without Compaſs, or Chain, or even moving from the Place of Obſervation.

Any Gentleman, tolerably acquainted with Decimals, and the Extraction of the Square Root, may in a few Hours, be made Maſter of this curious, and in the preſent Criſis, uſeful Diſcovery, by applying to

JOHN WILSON, Maſter of Mathematics.

A QUARTERLY MEETING

OF

The Fellowſhip Society,

Will be held on Wedneſday *the* 13*th Day of* December *next.*

AT the Houſe of the late Mrs. *Catherine Poitevin*, where the Members are deſired to attend, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon.

By Order of the Preſident.

Alexander Alexander, *Secretary.*

Now SELLING

At MEY & CRIPPS's Store,

In BROAD-STREET,

Much under the uſual Advance,

Among a Variety of Articles, are the following, viz.

A Large Quantity of Holland Shirting, Damaſk and Diaper Tabling, of different Widths and Prices, Clear Lawns, Humhums, Marſeilles Quilting, white and printed Callicoes, ſtriped Hollands, Linen and Silk Handkerchiefs, black, white, crimſon, and blue flowered Satin, Engliſh Perſian, Bombazines, Thread and Blond Laces, Ounce Thread, Cotton Counterpanes, Men and Womens Silk and Worſted Hoſe, figured and plain Ribbons, Worſted Binding, Bed Lace and Taſſels, Hair Shags, Worſted Breeches Patterns, Hats, Fiſhing and deep Sea Lines, with Leads, Shop and Sail Twine, Powder Puffs, Childrens Shoes, black and red Sealing-Wax and Wafers, Lead Pencils, Fiddles, beſt Straſburg Snuff, a Variety of Images, Looking Glaſſes, Pipes in Boxes, Boxes of Window Glaſs 10 by 12, Empty Liquor Caſes, and ſpare Bottles for ditto, Chimney and red Hearth Tiles, Dutch Klinkers, blue and brown Butter Pots, blue Pint and Quart Mugs, One and One and an Half Gallon Jugs, Sets of Crucibles, Mill Stones, Stirrup Irons, Bridle Bits, of different Sorts, Croppers and Surſingles, Silver plated Spurs, Tin Tea Kettles, Tea Urns, Coffin Furniture, Speaking Trumpets, Gallon and Half Gallon Pewter Meaſures, Bird Cages, Corks, Pad Locks, Raſps, Spike Nails, narrow Hoes, ſplitting Wedges, Carpenters ſmoothing Planes, Iron Cheſts, a Bath Stove, yellow Ocre, Gun Flints, Gauging Rods, &c. &c.

They have alſo to diſpoſe of,

Jamaica and Weſt-India RUM, Vidonia Wine, Salt, &c.

A great Abatement will be made to any Perſon taking to the Amount of £.500 Currency; and any one taking the Whole, may have them a Bargain, and at a long Credit. 6 w.

Black-Mingo, October 28, 1775.

CAPTAIN JOHN BROCKINGTON, tolls a brown bay HORSE, 14 Hands and an Half high, a natural Pacer, and branded on the mounting Shoulder IF, about ten Years old—no Fleſh Marks. *Alſo,*

A dark bay MARE, three Years old and upwards, branded ⅄, with a Star and Snip, about 12 Hands and an Half high—a Trotter.

The Owners of the above Strays may prove their Property before

SAMUEL NESMITH, J. P.

Charles-Town, November 21, 1775.

WHEREAS *John Fennon*, ſome Time about Chriſtmas laſt, bought ſome Rum of Mr. ZACHARIAH GREENWELL, of this Town, and on or about the 30th of March, and again in May, ſent Orders by two different Friends to pay for the ſame, and this Day applied himſelf for that Purpoſe; but as neither his Friends aforementioned, could at thoſe Times, nor can he himſelf now find the ſaid Mr. Greenwell,

This is to give NOTICE,

That any Perſon authoriſed to receive the ſame, muſt apply in three Weeks from this Date, at Cumbahee Ferry, when the Money will be paid.

JOHN FENNON.

ST. GEORGE.

The MEMBERS of the

St. GEORGE's SOCIETY,

ARE deſired to attend their next MONTHLY MEETING, to be held the 30th Inſtant, at the Houſe of William Edwards, on the Bay.

By Order of the Preſident,

BENJAMIN LORD, Secretary.

Brought to Camden Gaol,

The following Run-aways:

Nov. 5, 1774. A Negro Fellow, who calls himſelf LEWIS, of the Guinea Country; he is 5 Feet 6 Inches high, and has on an old white Negro Cloth Jacket, Oſnabrugs Shirt, and an Indian Blanket, about 21 Years of Age, and ſays his Maſter's Name is SIMES.

Feb. 4, 1775. A new Negro Fellow, who ſays his Name is FREER, but cannot tell his Maſter's Name; he is 5 Feet 6 Inches high, of the Mandingo Country, and had with him an Oſnabrugs Shirt, Negro Cloth Breeches dyed yellow, a red Cap, and a Pair of Boots—one red, and the other white—and an old Blanket; he is about 26 Years of Age.

Auguſt 4, 1775. A new Negro Fellow, ſays his Name is JACK, about 5 Feet 5 Inches and an Half high, of the Mandingo Country, but cannot tell his Maſter's Name; he had on when brought to Goal, a Pair of white Negro Cloth Breeches, an old blue Jacket, and worſted Cap.

Auguſt 4, 1775. A Negro Fellow, of the Mandingo Country, ſays his Name is JACK, about 22 Years of Age, and about 5 Feet 5 Inches high, has his Country Marks on his Face, is very much pitted with the ſmall-pox, and ſays his Maſter's Name is FENDER.

Sept. 13, 1775. A new Negro Fellow, of the Mandingo Country, ſays his Name is ISAAC, and his Maſter's Name is *James* or *Joſeph Daley*; is a ſlim Fellow, about 5 Feet 9 Inches and an Half high, and about 35 Years of Age, has his Ears bored, and brought with him an Indian Blanket.

Sept. 15, 1775. A new Negro Fellow, ſays his Name is JOE, and his Maſter's Name *Coſher Gibbes*; he is 5 Feet 3 Inches high, about 40 Years of Age, and has a Scar on his Breaſt, another on his left Elbow, and Marks on both Calves of his Legs, with ſeveral other Scratches, and brought with him an old white Negro Cloth Jacket, Robin, Trowſers, Indian Cap [illegible]

Sept. 16, 1775. A new Negro Fellow, of the Kiſhee Country, ſays his Name is CULLEY, and that he belongs to one MITCHELL, who lives at Ninety-Six; he is 5 Feet 5 Inches and an Half high, and about 40 or 45 Years of Age, has a Scar on the left Side of his Belly, and has on an old Snuff coloured Coat, white Negro Cloth Jacket, and an Oſnabrugs Shirt.

Sept. 16, 1775. A new Negro Fellow, of the Congo Country, ſays his Name is JEMMY, and that he belongs to one PETERKER, who lives in Virginia; he is 5 Feet 10 Inches high, and about 28 or 30 Years of Age, a ſtout well made Fellow, with two large Holes in his Ears, and ſeveral Marks on his Back, ſuppoſed to be done by Whipping; has on an Oſnabrugs Shirt and Trowſers.

JOHN-RUSBROOK HUTCHINS, Goaler.

Ferguſon's Swamp, St. John's Pariſh, June 2, 1775.

RUN-AWAY from the Subſcriber, the two following NEGROES, viz. JOB and MAURIS:—JOB, is about five Feet high, of a yelloviſh Caſt, round, and very hairy about the Face; he had Iron Clogs on both his Legs when he abſconded, is this Country born, ſpeaks very good Engliſh, and about 35 Years of Age—a Field Slave, and well known in St. John's Pariſh:—It is thought he will make to his old Range, Winyah and Blackmingo.—MAURIS, is a Lad about 18 Years old, tall, and well made, of a yelloviſh Complexion, Country born, and is ſuppoſed to be harboured at Doct. Chandler's Plantation, near Dorcheſter, as he has a Mother and other Relations there:—Each of them had on when they went away, Oſnabrugs Shirts, Trowſers, and Breeches of white Plains.——Whoever apprehends the above Runaways, and will deliver them to me, or the Warden of the Work-Houſe, in Charles-Town, ſhall receive a Reward of TEN POUNDS Currency for each; or if any white Perſon can give Information of their being harboured by ſuch, a further Reward of FIFTY POUNDS Currency will be given, on Conviction of the Offender or Offenders, and TWENTY POUNDS, if by a Negro, to be paid by

BLAKE-LEAY WHITE.

JUST PUBLISHED,

And to be SOLD at TIMOTHY's *Printing-Office, in Broad-ſtreet, the Corner of Gadſden's-Alley. Price* FIVE SHILLINGS *Currency.*

SEVERAL Methods for making SALT-PETRE; recommended to the Inhabitants of the United Colonies. By their Repreſentatives in Congreſs.

FOUND,

By a Negro, up the Path, near Rumney,

A Pocket Book,

THE Owner deſcribing it, and the Contents, may have it again by applying to the Printer hereof, on paying the Expence of this Advertiſement, and giving the Negro a ſmall Gratuity for his Honeſty.

PHILADELPHIA.
In CONGRESS.

Wednesday, October 18, 1775.

RESOLVED,

THAT a just and well authenticated account of the hostilities committed by the ministerial troops and navy in America since last March, be collected, with proper evidence of the truth of the facts related, the number and value of the vessels, inward and outward bound, which have been seized by them since that period, as near as the number and value can be ascertained. Also the stock taken by them from different parts of the continent.

That Mr. Deane, Mr. John Adams, and Mr. Wythe, be a committee for this purpose.

A true Copy from the Minutes.

CHARLES THOMSON, Secretary.

In CONGRESS, November 1.

RESOLVED,

That no produce of the United Colonies be exported (except from colony to colony, under the direction of the Committees of Inspection and Observation, and except from one part to another of the same colony) before the first day of March next, without the permission and order of this Congress. *Extract from the Minutes.*

CHARLES THOMSON, Secretary.

By his Excellency the Honourable THOMAS GAGE, *General and Commander in Chief of all his Majesty's Forces in North-America, &c. &c. &c.*

To Captain DUNCAN CAMPBELL, *and Lieutenant* SYMES,

YOU are hereby directed to embark on board the Rebecca and Frances transport, George Hastings, Master, and to proceed as fast as possible to New-York, where you are to receive on board your ship such men as may be inclined to serve his Majesty, and you are particularly to attend to the arrival of ships expected from Scotland, and to procure as many men out of them as you possibly can, and you are to do your endeavour not to suffer any of those emigrants to join the Rebels on shore; and to give every encouragement to all the Scotch and other nations that will join you. Captain Vandeput, of his Majesty's ship Asia, will give you all the assistance in his power, and with whom you will confer when there may be occasion; you will continue at New-York as long as the service you are upon may require, when you are to return to this place with all expedition, bringing as many volunteers with you as you can procure.

GIVEN under my hand, at Head Quarters at Boston, this eighteenth day of July, one thousand seven hundred and seventy-five.

(Signed) THOMAS GAGE.

By his Excellency's command,
(Signed) SAM. KEMBLE.

Captain Harr, from Cowes, informs, that on the 29th of August, the Active ship of war, and a brig under her convoy with powder and arms ran ashore on the Shingles, where the Active was obliged to throw over her guns, and return to refit, and the brig threw over half her cargo before she could get off; that the Renown is ordered out in room of the Active; that the Resolution, with three transports, with the troops of artillery and mistresses on board, sailed from Spithead in company with Captain Harr.

Extract of a letter from Boston, dated October 8.

"There are several vessels belonging to Philadelphia here, viz. Captains Dean, Doman, Bradford, Mullowny, Warden, and Brig Polly, Hurst, for Madeira, besides, about 30 sail more belonging to other ports, the West-Indies, &c.

Extract of a letter from Alexandria, (Virginia) dated October 26, 1775.

"The post from the southward brings advice, that Lord Dunmore had sent a party of armed men into the town of Norfolk, who had spiked 17 pieces of cannon, and taken two off: This was done in the face of day, and without any opposition; indeed none could be expected, as the principal people of that town are tories. His Lordship has also seized, dragged on board a man of war, and confined in irons, a certain Mr. Goodrich, who lived in the neighbourhood of Norfolk. This gentleman's crime is, that he suffered one of his vessels a few days ago to bring 150 barrels of gun-powder, and land the same safely, without asking his Lordship's consent. We have also certain intelligence, that Dunmore, a few days ago, with 200 men, landed about ten miles below Norfolk, at a place called Kemp's landing, where he broke open a blacksmith's shop, and destroyed about 50 muskets, which the smith had to repair, then pillaged a number of houses in the neighbourhood, and took two officers and four privates in the minute service prisoners. The object of this expedition was, to intercept the powder above-mentioned, but it had luckily been carried off sometime before. His Lordship has lately received from Augustine, a reinforcement of 200 men; so that his whole corps is now supposed to consist of 500 men."

Extract of a letter from New-York, October 30.

"Captain John Clark, of the snow Baltimore, arrived here last night from the eastward, who was taken up by a whaling sloop in lat. 41, long. 60, she belongs to Baltimore, and bound for Europe: The same sloop lay alongside the ship Marin six days, when the Captain and crew thought proper to leave her. This ship is the Three Decker, built here, and bound from South-Carolina to Cowes."

Extract of a letter from the Camp at Cambridge, dated October 20, 1775.

"Some of the inhabitants who have escaped out of Boston since Tuesday last, inform us, That the cannonading from our floating batteries that night, (which I gave you an account of in my last) threw the town in great confusion, and immediately broke up the play.—Three balls went through their hospital, one ranged 19 spits, several went through the houses of the town, and one fell upon the Long-Wharf. The soldiers lay upon their arms all night, and expected our troops would land every minute."

NOVEMBER 3.

Extract of a letter from New-York, November 1.

"Advice is just received, that two privateers fitted out from Providence have met with the Viper sloop of war, having under her care sundry vessels she took from this place, which vessels they have regained and carried safe into Providence.—I saw the letter which mentions it, and which says it may be depended upon as fact."

Extract of a letter from General Montgomery, dated Camp, before St. John's, October 20, 1775.

"I have the pleasure to acquaint you with the surrender of Chambly to Major Brown and Major Livingston, which last headed about three hundred Canadians. We had not above fifty of our troops. Indeed it was the plan of the Canadians, who carried down the artillery, past the fort of St. John's, in batteaus. I send you the colours of the seventh regiment, and a list of stores taken. Major Brown assures me we have gotten six tons of powder, which with the blessing of God will finish our business here.—Major Brown offered his service on this occasion.—Upon this and all other occasions I have found him active and intelligent.

"The enemy's schooner is sunk. They have not been very anxious to save her, else they might easily have protracted her fate. I must now think unless some unlucky accident befalls us, we shall accomplish our business here, as I shall set to work in earnest on this side the water. The troops are in high spirits. Col. Warner has had a little brush with a party from Montreal. The enemy retired with the loss of five prisoners and some killed; some of the prisoners (Canadians) are dangerous enemies, and must be taken care of, Lee Mouche one of them. The Cagheawogas have desired one hundred men from us. I have complied with their request, and am glad to find they put so much confidence in us, and are so much afraid of Mr. Carlton; not that I think they had any thing to apprehend. He has too much business on his hands already to wish to make more enemies.

"I shall endeavour, by means of the Chambly garrison, to obtain better treatment for Allen and the other prisoners, as well Canadians as our own troops.

"I shall send off the prisoners as soon as possible; their number of women and quantity of baggage is astonishing.

"The commanding officer at St. John's has been so polite as to let our batteaus past to the head of the rapids, in order to take in the baggage of the Chambly garrison. He behaved very genteelly to Lieutenant Lockwood of Waterbury's, who went in with the request from Major Stopford.

"The Major is a span of family in Ireland.

"Major Brown has brought the colours of the seventh regiment, which I have the honour to transmit to you."

ARTICLES proposed for his Majesty's garrison at Chambly.

Art. 1. The garrison, officers and men, not to be made prisoners, but to march unmolested, with their arms, accoutrements, twenty-four rounds of ammunition each, drums beating, colours flying, and provision and carts sufficient to pass by the smallest road to Montreal, or any other place in the province of Quebec, at the option of the Hon. Major Stopford, the commanding officer.

Art. 2. The officers and men to be allowed their baggage.

Art. 3. The men not to be decoyed from their regiment.

Art. 4. The women and children to be permitted to go with the regiment, and their effects unmolested.

Art 5. The ammunition and stores of all kinds, remaining in the garrison, to be given up.

Art. 6. Hostages to be given on both sides for the faithful performance of the above articles, and then to be exchanged.

Signed J. STOPFORD, *Major of the Royal Fusileers, commanding at Fort Chambly.*

The answer to the articles proposed by the Hon. Major Stopford, agreeable to the instructions of Brigadier General Montgomery, commanding the continental forces for the time being, is this:

Art. 1. The garrison, officers and men, to surrender themselves prisoners of war.

Art. 2. In case the garrison surrender prisoners of war, to be allowed all their baggage, agreeable to their desire.

Art. 3. It never was the intention of any officer, intrusted with the command of the party now besieging your fort, to take the advantage of decoying the garrison, after a solemn engagement entered into by both parties, and consequently your fears on that head must be groundless.

Art. 4. The women and children shall be permitted to go with the rest of the garrison, and take their effects, provided the garrison surrender themselves prisoners as aforesaid.

Art. 5. The ammunition and stores, &c. of all kinds to be delivered up, upon the faith and honour of the commanding officer of the garrison.

Signed JOHN BROWN, *Major, Commander of the Continental Forces before Chambly.*

In reply to Major Brown's answer to the Hon. Major Stopford's proposals, in regard to the surrender of Fort Chambly, Major Stopford, having considered Major Brown's articles, agrees to the same, although he could wish the first article might have been as he proposed.

Major Stopford, relying in every article to Major Brown's honour, will give him up the fort any hour to-morrow morning.

Fort Chambly, 18th Oct. 1775. Signed J. STOPFORD, *Major of the Royal Fusileers, commanding the garrison of Chambly.*

An Account of STORES taken at CHAMBLY.

Eighty barrels of flour, eleven ditto rice, seven ditto peafe, six firkins of butter, one hundred and thirty-four barrels of pork, seven ditto damaged, one hundred and twenty-four ditto gun powder, three hundred swivel shot, one box of musket shot, six thousand five hundred and sixty-four musket cartridges, one hundred and fifty stand of French arms, three royal mortars, sixty-one shells, five hundred hand granades, and rigging for three vessels at least.

Royal Fusileers eighty-three, accoutrements eighty-three.

A LIST of OFFICERS taken at CHAMBLY.

Major Stopford, Captain Price (sick at Chambly) Captain Goodwin, Lieutenant Homan, Lieutenant Harrison, Lieutenant Shettleworth, Captain Alge, of the schooner, Commissary M'Colough, and a surgeon.

Published by order of the Congress,
CHARLES THOMSON, Secretary.

Captain Stiles arrived here yesterday from Bermuda. Coming out he spoke a vessel that left London the tenth of September, the Captain of whom informed him that he sailed with three men of war, and twenty-five transports, with five thousand Hanoverians, bound for Charles-Town, South-Carolina.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman at Cambridge, dated October 29, 1775.

"There has been a plentiful year here, as well as with us: And there are as many chearful countenances among those who are driven from house and home at Boston, or lost their all at Charlestown, as among other people; not a murmur has yet been heard, that if they had been less zealous in the cause of liberty, they might still have enjoyed their possessions. For my own part, though I am for the most prudent parsimony of the public treasure, I am not terrified by the expence of this war, should it continue ever so long; a little more frugality, or a little more industry in individuals, will, with ease defray it.—Suppose it 100,000l. a month, or 1,200,000l. a year.—If 500,000 families will each spend a shilling a week less, or earn a shilling a week more, or if they will spend six-pence a week less, and earn six-pence a week more, they may pay the whole sum without otherwise feeling it.—Forbearing to drink tea saves three fourths of the money; and 500,000 women doing each three-pence worth of spinning or knitting in a week, will pay the rest; how much more then may be done by the superior frugality and industry of the men?—I wish never before more earnestly for peace, this war being a truly unnatural and mischievous one; but we have nothing to expect from submission but slavery and contempt."

WATERTOWN October 23.

Thom. Gage, before his departure, issued a commission appointing Green Brush, "Receiver of all such goods, chattels, and effects as may be voluntarily delivered into his charge, by the owners of such goods, or the person or persons whose care they may be left in, and to give a receipt for the same." Faneuel-Hall is provided for the reception of such goods, in order that they may be as compact as possible, in case of plunder!——

BOSTONIANS!!! Have you forgot your arms were most shamefully deposited there.

THOM. GAGE, on the third instant, (5 or 6 days before his departure for England,) issued a proclamation, offering a reward of TEN GUINEAS, to any one who shall discover the thief or thieves, that some time in the Month of September last stole from the Council Chamber in Boston the public SEAL, his private SEAL, and the SEAL of the supreme court of probate in the province.—*Quere*, Whether has he carried his Secretary, *T. Flucker*, with him, is it not as likely that he might have carried them off, as any one else.

We are credibly informed, That near one half of the people have removed out of Newport, Rhode-Island; and that many more would follow during the course of the present week.

CAMBRIDGE, October 26.

The number of dwelling houses destroyed at Falmouth, we are told, is one hundred and thirty-nine, and two hundred and seventy-eight stores and other buildings, which last, being mostly built near the water, were more immediately exposed.—Mowat, on being asked why that town was singled out, said, all the places, within reach of the cannon from thence to South-Carolina, were to share the same fate.—May Heaven protect an innocent, distressed people; and may their implacable and cruel enemies perish in the fire they are kindling for others.

In consequence of the barbarous proceedings of the enemy at Falmouth, vast numbers of men have been employed, for several days past, in fortifying the towns and harbours of Portsmouth, Newbury-Port, Beverly, Salem, and Marblehead. We hope our southern brethren are also preparing for defence, as no mercy is to be expected from our savage enemies!

Mr. John Gill, printer, Mr. Peter Edes (son of Mr. Benjamin Edes, printer,) and Mr. Starr, who have been, by the tyranny of Gage and his minions, confined in Boston jail for several months past, were liberated a few days ago, on procuring bail for their not leaving the town. Mr. James Lovil still remains in prison.

NEW-LONDON, October 27.

Extract of a letter from the Captain of a vessel in Cape-Nichola Mole, to his owner in this town, dated 27th ult.

"Four thousand troops arrived at Cape Francois, the 21st instant, from France, and three thousand more hourly expected at Port-au-Prince. The French are repairing all their fortresses throughout this island, and give out that there will be a war with Great-Britain before March next."

NEW-PORT, October 30.

Last Monday the Swan, Capt. Ayscough, sailed for Boston, with 2 transport ships, several wood vessels, &c. The Swan, it is said, is to proceed from Boston to England. The above vessels carried round the live stock that was bought of the Brenton's, that which was extorted from Bristol, the *rams* taken from Dutch Island, &c. which 'tis thought is all the supply of that kind the ministerial forces will ever receive from this quarter, as the sea-coasts of this colony are now pretty well guarded.

By a letter from a gentleman at Falmouth, Massachusetts Bay, to his friend in this town, dated October 9, we learn, that 24 sail of transport ships were then in Penobscott-Bay, in quest of wood and other necessaries; that Col. Cargill with a body of men had gone in search of them, 'twas hoped he would prevent their getting any supplies:——Perhaps it was this fleet returned to Boston, last week, which occasioned the report of a number of ships and troops having arrived here from England.

WILLIAMSBURG, October 21.

Some time last week Lord Dunmore was alarmed with information that 19 pieces of cannon were fitted, up and would be soon placed on the wharves, &c. in Norfolk, to annoy the ships of war, and that a number of men were daily expected from Williamsburg, who were to fire on them from hogsheads filled with sand. Yesterday se'nnight, in consequence of the above intelligence, his Lordship sent ashore a party of soldiers, under the command of two officers, who marched through Norfolk to the place where the cannon were, destroyed 17 of them, and carried off two for their own use, without molestation. The above cannon we are confident were never intended for such a purpose; on the contrary, they belonged to sundry private gentlemen, who had them removed there for safety.

A large sloop from St. Eustatia, mounting 16 six pounders and a number of swivels, is said to be gone up the bay with a large quantity of gunpowder. Mr. Goodrick of Portsmouth, whose vessel Lord Dunmore suspects of having brought in a supply of that article lately, is confined in irons on board a man of war.

A body of about 600 men in the minute service (mostly rifle men) from one of the upper districts, are within a short distance of this city and hourly expected.

To the PRINTER.

SIR,

THE various Reports that has been spread through the Province, concerning our Conduct in the Exchange, which we are sorry to find most cruelly misrepresented, we hope, will be an Excuse for desiring you to make public the Reason of our Behaviour that Day, which is as follows: We entered into private Resolves amongst ourselves, and subscribed our Names to them.—We chose five Delegates, to meet the same Number from each of the other Volunteer Companies. Those Gentlemen, at their Meeting, adopted Resolves, (similar to ours) which we bound ourselves under every Tie of Honour to abide by. As soon as we had Liberty to shew the said Resolves to our Officers, it was immediately done, and approved of by them, (one Resolve only excepted.) We were sometime afterwards marched up to Mr. Watson's, where our Behaviour met with the Approbation of all the Officers and Men then present.—We were there asked by our Captain, whether he might offer our Service to the Council of Safety, to which we replied, he might, provided our Petition was granted: "That if our Field Officers were to receive their Orders from the Generals we petitioned for, and our Officers from them, that we would then stand by them, as long as they would by us; and whatever we were ordered to do, we would go through with Chearfulness: To which our Captain replied, that we might depend on having it granted.

We were again ordered to be under the Exchange, where we attended agreeable to summons, but soon after our Meeting, were discharged by our second Lieutenant, he being the only Officer present, without receiving any Orders.—How then can it be said we disobeyed Orders? Our Behaviour there was the same as at Mr. Watson's; with this Addition, that as two Members of the Committee, (one of which was also a Member of the Council of Safety) had since that Meeting, told us, we had no Right to *Petition*, but *implicitly obey* the Orders of our Superiors: To which we replied, if that was the Case, we were then no longer Freemen; that so long as the Names of Citizens and Soldiers were joined together, we were willing to be such, but never would throw off the Name of the former for the latter; and that as Citizens, we had a Right to *Petition*.

The above is the Purport of all that passed, for which we have been branded with a Name we all despise, and would detest the Man that shewed himself deserving of it at this critical Juncture: And do declare, that whenever our Assistance is wanted for the Service of our Country, and are allowed to act as Freemen, we will with Pleasure step forward and defend our Freedom to the last Drop of our Blood; which we hope will convince every candid Person, that no Company will be found more ready to turn out in Time of real Danger, than

The Charles-Town Rangers.

CHARLES-TOWN, Nov. 28.

The Provincial Congress of North-Carolina, at which were present 185 Delegates, voted a paper, purporting to be a *Proclamation* issued by his Excellency JOSIAH MARTIN, dated on board his Majesty's ship Cruizer, at Cape-Fear, the 8th of August Instant, and directed to the Moderator of the PROVINCIAL CONVENTION at HILLSBOROUGH, A *false, scandalous, scurrilous, malicious, and seditious* LIBEL, tending to disunite the good People of that Province, and to stir up Tumults and Insurrections, dangerous to the Peace of his Majesty's Government and the Safety of the Inhabitants, and highly injurious to the Characters of several gentlemen of acknowledged Virtue and Loyalty; and further, that the said Paper be *burnt by the common Hangman. And have further Resolved*, That no Person holding a Military Office, from which he receives or expects Profit, or any Person holding a lucrative Office under any of the Military Commanders in particular, or the Army in general, shall be capable to act as a Member of the Provincial Council or any of the Committees of Safety, or a Representative of the People in Congress, (Officers and Commanders of the Militia only excepted.)

In CONGRESS,

November 26, 1775.

ORDERED,

THAT all the Resolves, *entered into by the Congress during their present Session, respecting the Militia of this Colony, be forthwith printed in Hand Bills, and also made public in the Gazettes.*

CHARLES-TOWN, *November* 17, 1775.

RESOLVED,

THAT the Militia of Charles-Town, who do nightly Duty, be allowed and provided with Fire-wood and Candles.

ORDERED,

That Mr. John Calvert do furnish the Militia Guards with Fire-wood and Candles accordingly.

NOVEMBER 20, 1775.

RESOLVED,

That the whole Militia of Charles-Town, be forthwith embodied and ordered upon Duty, as well by Day as by Night, in such Divisions and at such Posts as the Commanding Officer shall think proper. And that the Officers and Men, while in actual Service, may demand, and shall be entitled to the same daily Pay, as is allowed to the Officers and Men now employed in the Colony Service, under the Command of Col. Richard Richardson.

RESOLVED,

That this Congress will make Provision for the Support of all Persons who may be maimed and disabled in the Public Service of the Colony; and also of the Families of such as may be killed in the said Service, by Sea or Land.

RESOLVED,

That the Commissioned Officers of the Colony Regular Troops take Precedence of Officers of equal Degree in the Militia, without regard to prior Dates of Commissions in the latter, PROVIDED NEVERTHELESS, that a second Lieutenant in the Regulars shall be subordinate to a first Lieutenant in the Militia, and so on in Gradation in the Regulars and Militia respectively. That the Precedency in the regular Forces be according to the Number and Denomination of the Regiment of Infantry, and Rangers, and the Regiment of Artillery, according to the Custom of the British Army. That all Corps of Regulars take Precedence of all Corps of Militia. And the Regiments of Militia shall take Precedence in the following Manners

Berkley-County, Charles-Town, Granville-County, Colleton-County, Craven-County, the lower Part, Orangeburgh, Craven-County, the upper Part, Camden, Ninety-Six, North of the Fish-dam Ford and between Enoree Broad and Saludy Rivers, the new Acquisition, South of the Fish dam Ford, and between Broad and Saludy Rivers North of Enoree, and between Broad and Saludy Rivers.

RESOLVED,

That the Militia be not drawn to act with the Regulars in the Pay of this Colony, but on the most urgent Occasions; and whenever that happens, in Case any Officer should be wanting to fill up the Regiments or Companies of Militia (including the Volunteer Companies) the same shall be made up by their own Officers according to Seniority of Commissions; subject nevertheless to the Controul of the Congress or Council of Safety for the Time being, in Case any Officer or Officers shall succeed to Commissions by Seniority, whom they or either of them shall deem improper to be commissioned.

RESOLVED,

That in all Cases of Default, Neglect of Duty, or Disobedience of Orders, the Militia Officers and Privates shall be tried, adjudged and determined according to the Militia Law only, whether they are acting in Conjunction with the Regulars or otherwise.

RESOLVED,

That every Captain or other Commanding Officer of a Company, shall assemble, muster, train and exercise his Company once in every Fortnight, under a Penalty of twenty-five Pounds Currency for every Default.

RESOLVED,

That it be recommended to the Colonels of the different Regiments of Militia, that if the Districts of any of the Companies in their respective Regiments are too large, for the Company conveniently to assemble in one Place, that they do order the Captains of such Companies to appoint two or three Places in their respective Districts for the Company to Muster at in Divisions.

RESOLVED,

That every Person liable to bear Arms, shall appear completely armed, once in every Fortnight, on the Day and at the Place appointed by his Captain for the exercising his Company; the Privates under a Penalty not exceeding three Pounds current Money, and the Officers under the Penalty of 25 Pounds for every Default.

RESOLVED,

That there be no more Volunteer Troops of Horse formed.

RESOLVED,

That in future no Person be allowed to enter himself into a Volunteer Company out of the Districts of the Regiment to which he belongs.

NOVEMBER 23, 1775.

RESOLVED,

That all Persons shall do Patrol Duty in the District wherein they respectively reside, under the Command and Direction of the Captain of the District, without regard to their having entered into a Volunteer Company.

RESOLVED,

That it be recommended to the Commanding Officers of the Regiments of Militia, without delay, to oblige all the Inhabitants to do Duty in some Company or other, so that no one, who by Law is obliged to do Duty in Times of Alarm, shall be excused.

RESOLVED,

That where any Person hath regularly entered into a volunteer Company, he shall not be at liberty to leave the same, without giving his Captain three Months Notice in Writing, of his Intention to do so, and without first producing to his said Captain a Certificate from some other Captain of the Regiment, that he hath enrolled himself in another Company; unless the Commanding Officer of the Regiment shall, on sufficient Cause to him shewn, make Order to the Contrary.

RESOLVED,

That it be recommended to the Council of Safety, without Delay, to divide the several Regiments in the Colony into different Regiments or Battalions, so as not to have less than 750 Men, in each Regiment or Battalion.

NOVEMBER 24, 1775.

RESOLVED,

That the Colonels of the Militia in the Country do at least once in three Months muster their Regiments in Battalions, not exceeding six Companies nor less than three Companies.

WHEREAS Complaint hath been made, that divers Merchants and Store Keepers have sold their Goods at an exorbitant Price since the Non-Exportation of Merchandize from Great-Britain: RESOLVED, That it be recommended to the several District and Parochial Committees, to make Inquiry, whether the Merchants and Store-Keepers, in their several Parishes and Districts, have sold their Goods at more than the usual Advance; and if any of them should be found exorbitant in that respect, that they be advertised by the Committee as Contemners of the Resolves of the Continental and Provincial Congress.

NOVEMBER 25, 1775.

RESOLVED,

That this Colony now be, and it is hereby declared to be, in a State of Alarm, as fully, and effectually, as if the same had been proclaimed in the Manner and Form directed and appointed by the Militia Law.

By Order of the Congress,

PETER TIMOTHY, Secretary.

MR. MELCHIOR WEELY, informs me of a sorrel GELDING, about Twelve Hands high, with a blaze Face, the hind Feet white, branded on the mounting Buttock HI, trots, and full aged, having strayed into his Plantation up the Path. The Owner must prove his Property before THOMAS TURNER, J. P.

Strayed or Stolen,

ON the Evening of the 27th Inst. out of the Subscriber's Stable, on Charles-Town Green,

A Yellow bay Gelding,

about 14 Hands high, well made, trots and canters, branded on the near Buttock, off Shoulder and Cushion, I L and on the near Shoulder ⓓ. A Reward of ten Pounds will be paid to any Person who will deliver the said Horse to the Subscriber, or give such Information that he may be had again: But if Stolen, fifty Pounds will be paid to any Person who will convict the Thief.

JOHN BENFIELD.

Cooper Creek, November 24, 1775.

I AM informed of a brown spotted Cow, with a young Calf, marked with a Crop in the off Ear, and a Slit in the right, and branded on the Rump T2. *Also*,

Of a small Chesnut *Stallion*, 13 Hands high, and about seven Years old, with a Blaze in his Forehead, both pasts and trots, and branded on the off Buttock and Shoulder W W. The Owners may prove their Property before

Cooper-Creek, Nov. 24. HENRY SMITH.

HENRY SMITH,

GIVES this public Notice to all Persons who may hereafter ship any Produce or other Goods in his Schooner, that they do so at their sole Risk, for he will not be answerable or accountable for any loss or damage they may sustain from this 28th Day of November, 1775.

Brought to the WORK-HOUSE,

July 19, 1774. A new Negro Man, of the GUINEA Country, says his Name is SMART, but cannot tell his Master's Name; he is about 40 Years of Age, 5 Feet 2 Inches high, his right Hand scorched, and Fingers drawed up, and has lost the first Joint of his Fore-Finger on the left Hand; he has on a white Negro Cloth Jacket, bound with blue. Taken up at *Amelia Township*, 90 Miles from Town.

August 6, 1774. A new Negro Man, says his Name is BERKSFORD, and his Master's Name JEMMY; he is about 25 Years of Age, 5 Feet 9 Inches high, has his Country Marks on his Forehead, and Scars across his Arms and Body, as if he had been whipped; he has on a white Negro Cloth Jacket and breeches. Taken up at WILLIAM STERLING's Plantation, at *Pocotaligo*, 75 Miles from Town.

September 30, 1774. A new Negro Man, says his Name is JACK, but cannot tell his Master's Name; he is 5 Feet 11 Inches high, has lost the small Toe off his left Foot, has on a white Negro Cloth Jacket, and brought with him a Blanket. Taken up at LABUE's Ferry, 53 Miles from Town.

November 10, 1774. A new negro Wench, of the COROMANTEE Country, says her Name is DIANA, but cannot tell her Master's Name; she is about 4 Feet 7 Inches high, has a Scar on the End of her Nose, pitted with the small-Pox, has blue Beads round her Neck, and has on an Osnabrugs Jacket, and white Woollen Petticoat.

April 13, 1775. A Negro Man, of the CONGO Country, says his Name is JOE, but cannot tell his Master's Name; he is about 5 Feet 3 Inches high, branded on the right Arm S-E, and has his Country Marks on his Forehead and Arm, where he is branded; has on a white Negro Cloth Jacket and Breeches. Taken up at *Combahee*, 52 Miles from Town.

May 30, 1775. A Negro Man, of the PAPAW Country, says his Name is CATO, and that he belongs to BENJAMIN WARD; he is about 45 Years of Age, 5 Feet 2 Inches high, has his Country Marks on his Forehead, and a squint Look with his left Eye; has on a white Negro Cloth Jacket and Breeches. Taken up in Town.

June 8, 1775. A Negro Man, of the ANGOLA Country, says his Name is JEMMY, but cannot tell his Master's Name; he is about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, has his Country Marks on both his Sides, and branded on his left Breast JO; has on a white Negro Cloth Jacket and Breeches. Taken up 52 Miles from Town.

November 8, 1775. A Negro Fellow, of the *Guinea* Country, says his Name is JACK, and that he belongs to one CORNELIUS BROWN, who lives at *Long Canes*; he has his Country Marks on his Face, and has on an Osnabrugs Shirt and Breeches. Taken up 8 Miles from Town.

Oct. 28, 1775. A new Negro Man of the *Kissee* Country, says his Name is YARROW, and that his Master's Name is BILLEY; he is about 38 Years of Age, 5 Feet three Inches and a half high, has his Country Marks on his Forehead, and is branded on the Left Arm I. H. brought with him a white Negro Cloth Jacket and Breeches. Taken up at Isaac Godin's Plantation, 25 Miles from Town.

November 13, 1775. A Negro Fellow, of the Congo Country, says his Name is TOBY, but cannot tell his Master's Name; he is 5 Feet 7 Inches high, and has his Country Marks on his left Arm, a Scar on his left Breast, and has on a green Jacket made of Plains.

MICHAEL KALTEISEN, Warden.

ABsented himself from the Subscriber, the 4th of this Instant, a NEGRO Man, named LIMUS; he is of a yellow Complexion, and has the Ends of three of his Fingers cut off his left Hand; he is well known in Charles-Town from his saucy and impudent Tongue, of which I have had many Complaints; therefore, I hereby give free Liberty, and will be also much obliged to any Person to flog him (so as not take his Life) in such Manner as they shall think proper, whenever he is found out of my Habitation without a Ticket; for though he is my Property, he has the audacity to tell me, he will be free, that he will serve no Man, and that he will be conquered or governed by no Man.—I forwarn Masters of Vessels from carrying him off the Province, and all Persons from harbouring him in their Houses or Plantations. JOSHUA EDEN.

STRAYED,

Into Capt. COCHRAN's Plantation,

A Dappled Gray Horse,

ABout 13 Hands high, branded with an S on his mounting Buttock.——The Owner proving his property may have him again by paying the Charges, and applying to Capt. COCHRAN.

STOPPED on Saturday the 21th Instant, from a Negro Fellow, who offered it for Sale in the Subscriber's Shop,

A Silver Table Spoon.

Any Person giving a proper Description of the same, and paying the Cost of this Advertisement, may have it by applying to me in Elliot-Street.

JOSEPH JONES.

WILLIAM DONALDSON,

HAVING departed this Province for a ſhort Time, has appointed us his Attornies, we earneſtly requeſt thoſe indebted to him, to make as ſpeedy Payment as the Situation of the Times will admit: And thoſe who cannot pay, to give ſuch Security as may be thought reaſonable.—The Books and Accompts will be left at the Houſe of Mr. JOHN DONTIN'S, in Bedon's-Alley, where proper Attendance is given.

ALEXANDER ROSE,
JOHN DORSIUS.

Charles-Town, November 10, 1775.

RUN-AWAY from the Subſcriber's Plantation at Wando, three Negro Fellows.—One named BOB, of a black Complexion, buſhey Head, about 5 Feet 4 Inches high, Country born, talks good Engliſh, and can mimick the Back Wood or Northward Languages, has a Cut betwixt his Chin and lower Lip, and had on when he went away a blue Bath Coat and Waiſtcoat, a ſtriped Flannel Jacket, a Pair of white Breeches, white Boots, and black Hat.—Another Fellow named BILL, talks but little Engliſh, of a black Complexion, above 5 Feet 1 Inch high, broad faced, and about 18 Years of Age; he had on when he went away two blue Jackets, a Pair of brown Cloth Breeches, and a white Cap.—The other Negro Fellow alſo named BILL, or BILLY, of the Guinea Country, with his Country Marks in his Face, ſpeaks tolerable good Engliſh, about 18 Years of Age, 5 Feet 9 Inches high, ſlim made, and walks upright; he had on when he went away a blue Negro Cloth Jacket and Trowſers, very much torn.—They went off from Wando this Day in a Schooner's Canoe, and are ſuppoſed to be in Charles-Town, or on their Way to Ponpon.—Whoever apprehends and delivers the ſaid Negro Fellows to Mr. William M'Kimmy, in Charles-Town, or to the Subſcriber at his Plantation at Wando, ſhall receive a Reward of FIFTEEN POUNDS Currency, with all reaſonable Charges, or FIVE POUNDS Currency for either of them; and a further Reward of FIFTY GUINEAS, will be given to any Perſon or Perſons giving Information of their being harboured by any white Perſon or Perſons, and TWENTY POUNDS, if harboured by a Negro, on Conviction of the Offender or Offenders.

HENRY REEVES.

The Subſcriber's STOCK of GOODS,
Being conſiderably reduced, the Remainder are now ſelling off,
Either for CASH or CREDIT,
At a low Advance,

CONSISTING of many uſeful Articles, in the Woolendrapery, Hoſiery, Ironmongery and Haberdaſhery Branches, with a few well choſen Silks and Millinery, and a large Quantity of Rum.

JAMES WAKEFIELD.

N. B. His Cuſtomers ſupplied as uſual, and will be obliged to them for their immediate Orders.

TO BE SOLD,
At Orangeburgh Court-Houſe, on the Firſt Tueſday in December next,

A Plantation on the Congaree River, containing Three Hundred and Fifty Acres, more or leſs, late the Property of Joſeph Farrel, deceaſed, and ſold by Virtue of an Execution.—The Sale to begin at Ten o'Clock in the Morning.

JOHN-JAMES HAIG, Sheriff.

To be LET,
And may be entered upon immediately,

THE well known TAVERN in *Broad-Street*, lately in the Poſſeſſion of Mr. *Charles Ramadge*. Enquire of

MANSELL & CORBETT.

THE SUBSCRIBER, having made ſome Progreſs in the Art of making POT and PEARL ASH, at a conſiderable Expence: Deſires all thoſe who may want Inſtructions for that Purpoſe, to call at Mr. BULLINE'S, near the *Baptiſt-Meeting*, on *Aſhley-River*, where they may meet with him, and at the ſame Time that they may ſerve themſelves, oblige

Their moſt obedient humble Servant,
JOHN HACKLE.

To be LET, *and entered on immediately,*
THE upper Part of the Tenement, where our Counting-Houſe is kept. Enquire of ARCH. BROWN, *and Co.*

To be LET,
On very low Terms, and immediately entered upon,

THE upper Part of my Houſe, over the Store; it contains three Chambers, a good Dining Room and Parlour; alſo Kitchen and Yard within the ſame: The Whole would ſute a Batchelor or Batchelors extremely well. Treat with W. DOUGHTY.

Mont's Corner.

THE Subſcriber having purchaſed the Whole of Mr. Dawſon's STOCK of GOODS, at Charles-Town, and brought them to this Place, his Aſſortment is thereby rendered as tolerable as moſt in the Province. He has a Quantity of many capital Plantation Articles, which he will ſell under the common advance, and a Variety of Silks at Prime Coſt. He has alſo a good Supply of Rums, Wine, Salt, Sugar, Melaſſes, &c.

Such of Mr. Dawſon's Friends as may be ſo obliging as to apply to him, may depend on his Attention in ſupplying and forwarding to them any Articles in his power. He has left at Mr. Dawſon's Store in Charles-Town, a few heavy Articles (where ſome of them may be had as low as Eight for One) ſuch as Felling Axes, Ox Chains, Iron Wedges, Sets of Blackſmith's Tools complete, Iron Pots, Braſs Kettles, and a few elegant Tutenage and and Prince's Metal mounted Stove Grates with Furniture complete.

GEORGE REDHEAD.

To be Sold by public Outcry,

On Friday the Firſt of December next, at the Plantation on Long-Bay, belonging to the Eſtate of the late WILLIAM JOHNSTON, *Eſq; deceaſed,*

ALL the Houſhold and Kitchen Furniture, Stock of Cattle, Horſes, Plantation Tools &c. on the ſaid Plantation. And,

On the Wedneſday following, at the uſual Place in George-Town,

Eighty-Five valuable NEGROES, belonging to the Eſtate of the ſaid Deceaſed.

Conditions of Sale, all Sums under One Hundred Pounds to be Cash, and for all above, Credit to the Firſt of January 1777, paying Intereſt, and giving approved Security to

ANDREW JOHNSTON, Adminiſtrator.

AS it is not in my Power to wait on all my Friends, I take this Method of offering my ſervice to them and the Public in general, as FACTOR FOR THE COUNTRY PRODUCE. The Experience I have had in the Mercantile and Planting Buſineſs, induces me to think I am capable of the Undertaking, and flatter myſelf I ſhall be able to give general Satisfaction. Such Gentlemen as place their Crops in my Hands, may reſt aſſured, their Favours will be gratefully acknowledged, and every Means in my Power will be obſerved to merit their Kindneſs. I will make Choice of, and ſee ſafely packed on, any Kind of Merchandiſe for thoſe that favour me with the Diſpoſal of their Crops, without making a Charge for my Trouble.

ALLARD BELIN.

WHEREAS the Dwelling-Houſe at Rumney Diſtillery, was broken open on Wedneſday the 18th Inſtant, in the Night, ſuppoſed by Negroes, out of which were taken ſundry Effects belonging to the Eſtate of Mrs. Hickling, deceaſed, viz. 13 Damaſk Napkins, never waſhed; one Piece of Iriſh Linen; 3 Silver Table Spoons, marked H T; one ditto larger, marked H T; 6 Silver Tea Spoons, marked H T; and one Silver Tankard, marked H T; one Stone Stock Buckle, ſet in Silver; one Pair of Silver Buckles; and one Stone Breaſt Buckle, ſet in Silver:—There are ſeveral other Articles beſides the above, a Liſt of which may be ſeen, by applying to me.——I do hereby offer a Reward of TWENTY POUNDS to any Perſon who will diſcover the Robber, or the Receiver of any of the above Goods, ſo as he, ſhe, or they, may be brought to Juſtice.

NATHANIEL RUSSELL.

THE Copartnerſhip of DAVID and JOHN DEAS, having been expired ſome Time, and repeated Application made both in this Way and by Letter, though to little Purpoſe, to thoſe indebted to them, to diſcharge their ſeveral Debts, and there being now, by the Deceaſe of my Brother, an abſolute Neceſſity for bringing all the Affairs of ſaid Copartnerſhip to a ſpeedy Settlement.—I hereby give this laſt Notice, to all thoſe who are concerned, that unleſs they do diſcharge their reſpective Engagements, or ſettle the ſame to my Satisfaction, on or before the firſt Day of January next, I muſt then, though much againſt my will, proceed to compulſory Meaſures.

JOHN DEAS.

HAVING again received poſitive Inſtructions from William Blake, Eſq; to remit him a conſiderable Part of the Monies he has at Intereſt in this Colony, and little or no Attention having been paid to our former Advertiſements to this Purpoſe, we muſt once more requeſt the Favour of thoſe who know they are in Arrears for Intereſt, to pay up the ſame forthwith, and that they will be ſo obliging as to provide for the Payment of at leaſt one-third of the Principal of their Bonds, in the Courſe of the enſuing Crop.

ARTHUR MIDDLETON.
JOHN DEAS.

☞ The Tract of Land at Beach-Hill, is ſtill for Sale.

Charles-Town, September 21, 1775.

THE BUTCHERS in the Beef-Market having laboured under great Inconveniencies for ſome Time paſt, on Account of the long Credits they are obliged to give their Cuſtomers, *Do now give this public Notice*, in Order to prevent a total Stop of the Town's being ſupplied with freſh Beef, which muſt be the Caſe ſoon, for the Want of Money, Cattle being a Caſh Article, that they requeſt every Perſon will, in future, bring READY MONEY to Market.

One Hundred Pounds Reward.

LOST, on Wedneſday Evening, the 27th of September, betwern Mr. Ramage's Tavern, in Broad-ſtreet, and the Subſcriber's Houſe on Trott's Point,

A worked Pocket-Book,

with the Subſcriber's Name thereon, containing ſeveral Bonds, Notes of Hand, &c. alſo Five Fifty Pounds Bills, one Twenty Shillings, and one Five Shillings Bill. Whoever has found the ſaid Pocket-Book, and will deliver it, with the Contents thereof, to the Subſcriber, or in his Abſence, to Mr. *George Greenland*, Factor in Charles-Town, or at Mr. *Timothy's* Printing-Office, in Gadſden's Alley, ſhall receive the above Reward of One Hundred Pounds Currency. WILLIAM CHISHOLME.

Who forwarns all Perſons whatſoever from paying or receiving any Bond or Note, either on his Account, or on Mr. Rigg, late of Charles-Town, deceaſed. He will be much obliged to any Perſon or Perſons, that if any ſuch Bond or Notes ſhould be offered, to ſtop the ſame, and give Notice thereof to the Subſcriber, or Mr. *George Greenland*, or at Mr. *Timothy's* Printing-Office.

AN OVERSEER is wanted by the Subſcriber, at SANTEE.——As a Perſon *(well recommended)* of a *good* Character for his Knowledge in the Planting Buſineſs; for Induſtry, Sobriety, and Honeſty, will be only employed, let none elſe give themſelves the Trouble of applying.—If the Man ſhould have a Wife, that will be careful of ſick Negroes, he will be the more acceptable to

SAMPSON NEYLE.

CHARLES-TOWN, November 1ſt, 1775.

AGREEABLE to the Directions of an Act of the General Aſſembly of this Province, intituled, "An ACT, to regulate the PRICE and ASSIZE of BREAD:"

I HAVE enquired the Price of FLOUR, and find that imported from the *Northern* Colonies, to be at SIX POUNDS FIFTEEN SHILLINGS, per Hundred Pounds Weight, and *Carolina* Flour at FOUR POUNDS and FIFTEEN SHILLINGS (being both uſed by the Bakers); at which Price the HALF CROWN Loaves muſt weigh as follows:

Of NORTHWARD Flour.	lb.	oz.	dr.	Of CAROLINA Flour.	lb.	oz.	d.
WHITE,	1	10	8	WHITE,	2	0	0
WHEATEN,	2	7	12	WHEATEN,	3	0	0
HOUSHOLD,	3	5	0	HOUSHOLD,	4	0	0

Of which all Bakers of Bread are required to take due Notice. GEORGE SHEED, *Commiſſary-General.*

GEORGIA, November 1, 1775.

To all Men in all civilized Kingdoms, States, Provinces, Colonies, and Iſlands;

PATRICK MACKAY, Eſquire, of the Iſland of SAPPELLO, in the Province of GEORGIA, hereby GIVES NOTICE of a moſt daring and flagitious Robbery and Piracy, and requeſts their Aid and Aſſiſtance to ſeize, ſtop, and bring to Puniſhment the Perpetrators of the Crime to be ſet forth at large in this Advertiſement, for the public Good of all commercial Countries, as well as for the Recovery of his own Property.

About Eleven o'Clock on the Night of Tueſday, the Thirty-firſt Day of October, 1775, nine armed men came on board a Schooner, then lying moored off the Point of Sapello, in the Province of Georgia, cut both her cables, (which were all that were on board) and proceeded immediately to Sea. Of the Perpetrators of this Piracy, two only are yet known, viz. SAMUEL PRICE, and SAMUEL WELLS.—PRICE, is a ſhort ſlim Man, rather well made, about thirty-five Years of Age, and was lately Maſter and Owner of a Coaſting Schooner in this Province.—WELLS, is a tall, ſlender, young Man, about twenty-five Years of Age, and was born in Rhode-Iſland.

There were on board the Schooner, at the Time when the Pirates boarded her, a white Man, John Bacon, and three Negro Men; when they got near the Bar, they put on board a Boat belonging to the Schooner the abovementioned John Bacon, and two of the Negroes; the other Negro Fellow, named JACK, (who is about five Feet eight Inches high) they carried off with them.

The Schooner is fifty-three Feet Keel, twenty-two Feet Beam, and about nine Feet in the Hold; ſhe is quite new, built in South-Carolina, may carry about three hundred Barrels of Rice, her Stern ſquare and painted light blue, had bright Sides, and ſix Port Holes, and two Quarter Lights on each Side. The Ports and Deadlights were not painted, nor the Windows faſhed; neither was there any Joiner's Work done in her Cabbin, being juſt out of the Builder's Hands. She is taunt rigged, with Topmaſts ſtanding, but had no Yards across; her Foreſail new, and her Mainſail and Jib half worn. The Hook over her Bowſprit had been carried away, and was fixed with an Hawſer. She was lately purchaſed by the Subſcriber at the Marſhal's Sale in Savannah in Georgia.

When the Schooner was boarded by the abovementioned Pirates, ſhe was in Ballaſt; the only Proviſions then on board were, about five Buſhels of Potatoes, and a few Caſks of Water. From their being ſo ſcantily provided, they may be obliged to put into ſome Port or Inlet on the Coaſt of North America, in order to procure, by Theft, a freſh Supply; it will, therefore, behoove all Perſons on the Coaſt to keep a good Look-out, in order to prevent their accompliſhing any ſuch Purpoſe; or they may probably offer the abovementioned Negro Fellow Jack for Sale, that they may, with the Purchaſe Money, procure Neceſſaries.

A Reward of Fifty Dollars,

Is hereby offered to any Perſon who ſhall apprehend and bring to Juſtice the abovementioned Samuel Price, Samuel Wells, and their Accomplices; alſo a Reward of FIFTY DOLLARS for the Recovery of the Negro Fellow Jack, and likewiſe a reaſonable and generous Salvage for recovering and delivering the ſaid Schooner to Mr. Alexander Roſe, Merchant, in Charles-Town, South Carolina, or to me, in Georgia; to be awarded and determined upon by any three Merchants or indifferent Perſons, or otherwiſe according to Law or Cuſtom.

PATRICK MACKAY.

Wanted immediately, on Hire,

ANY Number of able-bodied Negro Men, for the Public Works, on Charles-Town-Neck, near the Quarter-Houſe, for whom Seven Shillings and Six-pence per Day will be allowed, and Proviſions found, and Payment made monthly or oftener if their Owners deſire it. Apply in Charles-Town to Col. George Gabriel Powel; or, on the Spot, to

GEORGE ROUT,
Clerk to the Commiſſioners for the above Work.

The MEMBERS of
The RECESS SOCIETY,

ARE deſired to attend an annual Meeting, to be held at the Houſe of Mr. WM EDWARDS, on Tueſday the 5th of December next, precisely at Four o'Clock in the Afternoon.

By Order of the Preſident,
JOHN WHEELER, Secretary.

RUN-AWAY from the Subſcriber, about five Weeks ago, a Negro Boy, named BOB; he had on when he went away, a blue Jacket and Breeches, with other Clothes, which he carried off with him.—Whoever apprehends the ſaid Negro, and will deliver him to me at Ponpon, or the Warden of the Work-Houſe in Charles-Town, ſhall receive FIVE POUNDS, and all reaſonable Charges.

HENRY LIEBENHENTZ.

N. B. If Information can be given of his being harboured by any white or black Perſon, TWENTY POUNDS will be paid on Conviction. *Nov.* 7, 1775.